

Total No. of Printed Pages—7

2 SEM TDC ENG M 1

2 0 1 9

(May)

ENGLISH

(Major)

Course : 201

**[History of English Culture and Society—II
(From the 18th Century to the 20th Century)]**

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer any *three* of the following : $4 \times 3 = 12$

- (a) Write a brief note on the periodical essay of the eighteenth century.
- (b) Attempt a comprehensive definition of Romanticism.
- (c) Discuss briefly some of the changes that took place in the culture of the Victorian period.

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(Turn Over)

(2)

(d) Analyze in brief T. S. Eliot as a modern poet.

(e) Prepare a short note on the Fringe Theatre of the twentieth century.

2. Answer any one of the following :

(a) What do you mean by Enlightenment? Discuss the major themes of the movement of Enlightenment. 4+8=12

(b) Assess the contribution of Pope to the eighteenth century English poetry. 12

3. (a) "The poetry of Blake, noted for its visionary intensity, exhibits many of the Romantic concerns." Evaluate Blake as a precursor of the Romantic Movement in English poetry. 12

Or

(b) "Jane Austen and Walter Scott chose to depart from the examples of Fielding, Sterne, and Smollett and devised their own models to engage their fictional enterprises." Discuss. 12

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(Continued)

(3)

4. (a) Write a detailed note on Victorian prose with special reference to the writings of Carlyle, Arnold and Newman. 12

Or

(b) Discuss how the ideas of Charles Darwin influence the nineteenth century English literature. 12

5. (a) Give an account of the major playwrights of the twentieth century. 12

Or

(b) Assess how the war poetry of the twentieth century signifies a distinct trend in English poetry to represent social reality. 12

6. (a) Prepare an illustrative note on post-colonial literature that emerged from the erstwhile British colonies. 12

Or

(b) Discuss the socio-cultural context of postmodernism. 12

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(Turn Over)

(4)

7. Choose the correct options out of the following (any eight) : $1 \times 8 = 8$

(a) Which work of Pope announced his arrival on the Augustan literary scene?

- (i) *Essay on Man*
- (ii) *The Rape of the Lock*
- (iii) *The Dunciad*
- (iv) *An Essay on Criticism*

(b) The terms 'Whig' and 'Tory' were used as forms of

- (i) abuse
- (ii) respect
- (iii) kindness
- (iv) obedience

(c) What is the genre of Mary Shelley's novel, *Frankenstein*?

- (i) Picaresque
- (ii) Epistolary
- (iii) Gothic
- (iv) Historical

(5)

(d) Who wrote under the pseudonym of Elia?

- (i) Thomas De Quincey
- (ii) Charles Lamb
- (iii) William Hazlitt
- (iv) Leigh Hunt

(e) Which novel is subtitled as 'A Novel Without a Hero'?

- (i) *Catherine*
- (ii) *The Luck of Barry Lyndon*
- (iii) *Vanity Fair*
- (iv) *The Newcomes*

(f) Who is the author of *The Romantic Imagination*?

- (i) William Wordsworth
- (ii) Samuel Taylor Coleridge
- (iii) John Keats
- (iv) Cecil Maurice Bowra

(6)

(g) Which twentieth century work is a futuristic novel?

- (i) *Brave New World*
- (ii) *Ulysses*
- (iii) *Mrs Dalloway*
- (iv) *A Passage to India*

(h) Who among the following is NOT considered as a member of the Bloomsbury Group?

- (i) Virginia Woolf
- (ii) James Joyce
- (iii) E. M. Forster
- (iv) Lytton Strachey

(i) Which type of writing qualifies an author for the Booker Prize?

- (i) Poetry
- (ii) Drama
- (iii) Fiction
- (iv) Essay

(7)

(j) Robert Galbraith is one of the pen names of which British novelist?

- (i) Joanne Rowling
- (ii) Kingsley Amis
- (iii) Iris Murdoch
- (iv) William Golding

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2 SEM TDC ECO M 1

2019

(May)

ECONOMICS

(Major)

Course : 201

(Macroeconomics)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Choose the correct option/Answer the following : 1×8=8

(a) Which of the following is not by definition equal to national income?

(i) National output

(ii) National expenditure

(Turn Over)

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(2)

- (iii) National product
- (iv) National wealth
- (b) In classical theory of employment, what ensures the perfect clearing of the labour market?
 - (i) Flexibility of interest rate
 - (ii) Flexibility of wage rate
 - (iii) Flexibility of price of the commodity
 - (iv) Classical assumption of perfect competition in the product market
- (c) Define the concept of effective demand.
- (d) Marginal propensity to consume can be always between
 - (i) 0 and 1
 - (ii) 1 and 2
 - (iii) 10 and 20
 - (iv) None of the above

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(Continued)

(3)

- (e) Investment multiplier can be obtained from (symbols have the usual meaning)

(i) $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta Y}}$

(ii) $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta S}}$

(iii) $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta S}}$

(iv) $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{\Delta C}{\Delta Y}}$

- (f) The speculative demand for money according to Keynes is a function of
 - (i) rate of interest
 - (ii) level of income
 - (iii) level of savings
 - (iv) level of output

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(Turn Over)

(4)

(g) The GNP gap is the gap between

- (i) GNP and NNP
- (ii) GNP and depreciation
- (iii) GNP and GDP
- (iv) potential and actual GNP

(h) Net exports are negative when

- (i) net investment is positive
- (ii) exports are exceeded by imports
- (iii) exports exceeded private transfer to foreigners
- (iv) imports are exceeded by exports

2. Write short notes on any four of the following (within 150 words each) :

4×4=16

- (a) Gross value addition and net value addition
- (b) Marginal efficiency of capital
- (c) Absolute income hypothesis

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(Continued)

(5)

(d) Economic openness in Indian economy

(e) Capital account and current account of Balance of Payments

Answer the following questions - (within 500 words each) :

3. (a) Define national income. Explain the production and expenditure methods of calculating national income. What is the meaning of green accounting of national income? 2+8+2=12

Or

(b) Distinguish between the following :

3×4=12

- (i) Nominal GDP and Real GDP
- (ii) NNP at market price and NNP at factor price
- (iii) Personal income and Disposable personal income
- (iv) Gross value addition and Net value addition

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(Turn Over)

(6)

4. (a) Compare and contrast the approaches to determine aggregate price level under classical and Keynesian framework. 11

Or

- (b) In the backdrop of Keynesian theory, explain the following : 3+3+3+2=11

- (i) Aggregate demand and aggregate supply functions
- (ii) Effects of change in aggregate expenditure
- (iii) Consumption function
- (iv) Marginal propensity to save

5. (a) Explain the process of income generation through the investment multiplier with an example. Does multiplier work in a developing economy? Give reasons for your answer. 8+3=11

Or

- (b) Explain the permanent income hypothesis of consumption. What are its similarities with the life cycle hypothesis? 7+4=11

(7)

6. (a) Explain the Keynesian theory of interest. Mention its limitations. 8+3=11

Or

- (b) What are IS-LM curves? Determine the equilibrium level of income and interest rate under IS-LM framework. 4+7=11

7. (a) Define Balance of Payments (BoP). Discuss the causes of disequilibrium in Balance of Payments. 4+7=11

Or

- (b) (i) What are the differences between open economy and closed economy? 3
- (ii) Explain the monetary approach to the adjustment in Balance of Payments. 8

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2 SEM TDC HST M 1

2 0 1 9

(May)

HISTORY

(Major)

Course : 201

(Early and Medieval Assam up to 1826)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Answer the following questions in
1 word or in 1 sentence each : $1 \times 8 = 8$

(i) Name the Varmana King who
attended an assembly at Kanauj
with Harshavardhana, the ruler of
Thaneswara.

(ii) Which Barahi Chief had his
Headquarters round the Charaideo
Hill at the time of the advent of the
Ahoms?

(iii) What is the meaning of 'Bhuyan'?

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(2)

(iv) In which year Naranarayan and Chilarai rebuilt the Kamakhya Temple?

(v) Name the Ahom officer who organized the 'Khel system'.

(vi) Who was the author of *Fathiya-i-Ibriyah*?

(vii) Which Manipuri King came to the Ahom capital during the reign of Rajeswar Singha?

(viii) Which was the Last Battle fought between the Ahoms and the Burmese?

(b) Write short notes on any three of the following : $4 \times 3 = 12$

(i) Pushyavarman

(ii) Origin of the Ahoms

(iii) Sukladhvaj

(iv) Treaty of Ghiladharighat

(v) Impact of Burmese Invasion

2. Describe the major achievements of Sri Harshadeva of the Salastambha Dynasty. 12

Or

Narrate the expedition of Muhammad bin Bakhtiyar Khalji to Kamrup. Why did his expedition fail? 12

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(Continued)

(3)

3. Give a brief account of the political condition of the Brahmaputra Valley at the time of the advent of the Ahoms. 12

Or

Narrate the circumstances leading to the downfall of the Kamata Kingdom in 1498 AD. 12

4. When and how the Koch kingdom was partitioned? What was its result? 12

Or

Form an estimate of the character and achievements of Suhungmung Dihingia Raja. 12

5. Why did Raja Ram Singha invade Assam? Give a brief account of his invasion. 12

Or

Assess the place of King Rudra Singha in the history of Assam. 12

6. Discuss briefly the causes and consequences of the first Moamariya Rebellion. 12

Or

Bring out the main features of the Ahom system of administration. 12

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2 SEM TDC PSC M 1

2019

(May)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Major)

Course : 201

(Indian Government and Politics)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct option/Answer the following questions : 1×8=8

(a) The first session of the Indian Constituent Assembly was held on 9 December, 1946/11 December, 1946/22 January, 1947.

(2)

- (b) From which Constitution, the fundamental rights in the Indian Constitution is derived?
- (c) Mention one cause for the emergence of Regional Political Party in India.
- (d) How many members are there in Rajya Sabha from Assam?
- (e) Mention one regional political party of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (f) "Indian federalism is quasi-federalism." Who said it?
- (g) In the Indian history for the first time the Janata Party came into power in (1971/1977/1989).
- (h) Write the full forms of NDA and UPA.

2. Write short notes on the following (within 150 words each) : $4 \times 4 = 16$

- (a) Implication of the Indian Independence Act, 1947
- (b) Importance of the Directive Principles of State Policy of Indian Constitution
- (c) Nature of Indian Secularism
- (d) Role of Election Commission of India in conducting free and fair election

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(Continued)

(3)

Answer the following questions (within 500 words each) :

3. Explain briefly the framing of the Indian Constitution. 12

Or

What do you mean by Judicial Review? Discuss its features in Indian context. $4+8=12$

4. Critically discuss the basic features of the Preamble of Indian Constitution. 11

Or

What is Fundamental Rights? Discuss the importance of the Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution. $4+7=11$

5. Critically discuss the financial relations between the Centre and the States in India. 11

Or

What do you mean by Regionalism? Explain the impact of regionalism on State politics with special reference to Assam. $4+7=11$

6. Explain the changing role of judiciary in Indian Politics. 11

Or

Discuss the role of Indian Parliament during single-majority government and coalition politics.

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(Turn Over)

(4)

7. Make and attempt to critically discuss the changing role of regional political parties in Indian politics.

11

Or

What is voting behaviour? Explain the major determinants of voting behaviour in India.

3+8=11

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2 SEM TDC EDN M 1

2019

(May)

EDUCATION

(Major)

Course : 201

(Sociological Foundations of Education)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×8=8

(a) "Man is a social animal." Who said this?

(b) Who is known as the father of conflict theory of educational sociology?

(c) Write one problem of national integration.

(d) Mention one cause of cultural lag.

(2)

- (e) Mention one influence of education on the community development of North-East India.
- (f) The word 'Secularism' was used firstly by _____.
(Fill in the blank)
- (g) Mention one element of social organization.
- (h) Write one recommendation of Kothari Commission on education for Scheduled Tribes.

2. Write short notes on the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$

- (a) Four characteristics of educational sociology
- (b) Role of education in the process of Socialization
- (c) Functions of Human Resource Development
- (d) Role of teacher for socialistic pattern of society
- (e) Different social inequalities existing in Indian society

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(Continued)

(3)

3. Write the principles of Consensus Theory. Write its application in educational institution. $4+6=10$

4. What is social mobility? Write briefly the factors that promote social mobility. Discuss the importance of social mobility. $2+3+6=11$

Or

Mention the elements of modernization. Discuss the relationship between modernization and development of education. $4+7=11$

5. What is meant by economic development? Discuss the role of education in economic development of a nation. $3+7=10$

Or

What is social change? Discuss the contribution of education in social change. $3+7=10$

6. What is communistic ideology? Mention the objectives of education according to communistic political ideology. What are the limitations of communistic political ideology? $3+4+4=11$

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(Turn Over)

(4)

Or

- (a) What are the characteristics of Totalitarianism? 3
- (b) Write briefly on the aims of education and curriculum in democratic pattern of society. 4+4=8

7. What are the characteristics of a socially disadvantaged group? Describe the measures for solving the problems of education of socially backward section of society. 3+7=10

Or

- What is meant by social disorganization? Discuss the causes and remedies of social disorganization. 2+4+4=10

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2 SEM TDC ASM M 1

2019

(May)

ASSAMESE

(Major)

Course : 201

(History of Assamese Literature)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

১। চমু উত্তৰ লিখা :

১×৮=৮

- (ক) ১৮৩৬ চনত স্কুল-আদালতৰ পৰা বিতাৰিত অসমীয়া ভাষাই কোন চনত পুনঃপ্রচলনৰ সুযোগ লাভ কৰিলে ?
- (খ) 'হেমকোষ' অভিধানৰ ৰচকৰ নাম লিখা।
- (গ) 'অকণ্ঠোদই'ৰ পাতত 'নামঘোষা'- 'কীৰ্তন-ঘোষা'ৰ আৰ্হিৰ ছন্দত পদ্য লিখা ন.ল.ফ.ৰ সম্পূৰ্ণ নাম কি ?
- (ঘ) অসমীয়াত প্ৰথম খনেট 'প্ৰিয়তমাৰ চিঠি' কাব ৰচনা ?

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(Turn Over)

(2)

(ঙ) “... আমি যুঁজিবলৈ ওলাইছোঁ আন্ধাৰৰ বিপক্ষে,
উদ্দেশ্য—দেশৰ উন্নতি, জোনাক।” ‘জোনাকী’ৰ
আত্মকথাত কথাষাৰ কোনে লিখিছিল ?

(চ) ‘আৱাহন’ আলোচনীখন কোন চনত প্ৰথম প্ৰকাশ
হৈছিল ?

(ছ) ‘এজনী জাপানী ছোৱালী’ গল্পৰ গল্পকাৰ কোন ?

(জ) অসমীয়া সাহিত্যৰ প্ৰথম সামাজিক উপন্যাসখনৰ নাম
লিখা।

২। (ক) “আলোচনীক কেন্দ্ৰ কৰিয়ে আধুনিক অসমীয়া সাহিত্যই
প্ৰতিষ্ঠা লাভ কৰিলে ...।” কথাষাৰৰ আধাৰত আধুনিক
অসমীয়া সাহিত্যৰ পৰিচয়মূলক এটা টোকা লিখা।

১০

অথবা

(খ) ‘অকণোদই’ কাকতেই “পাশ্চাত্যৰ ভাৱধাৰাৰ বীজ সিঁচি
আধুনিকতা প্ৰতিষ্ঠা কৰাত সহায় কৰে।” কথাষাৰৰ আঁত
ধৰি অকণোদই যুগৰ অসমীয়া সাহিত্যৰ এটি চমু পৰিচয়
দাঙি ধৰা।

৩। (ক) “হেমচন্দ্ৰ-গুণাভিৰামৰ হাততে অসমীয়া গদ্যই নিজস্ব
মহিমা লাভ কৰিলে ...।” কথাষাৰৰ তাৎপৰ্য বিশ্লেষণ
কৰা।

১০

অথবা

(খ) প্ৰাক্-ৰোমাণ্টিক স্তৰৰ যি কোনো দুজন কবিৰ কাব্যকৃতি
সম্পৰ্কে এটি আলোচনা আগবঢ়োৱা।

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(3)

৪। (ক) ‘জোনাকী’ কাকতকে কেন্দ্ৰ কৰি অসমীয়া সাহিত্যত এটা
নতুন যুগৰ সূচনা হ’ল—কথাষাৰৰ আঁত ধৰি এটা
আলোচনা দাঙি ধৰা।

১০

অথবা

(খ) ‘জোনাকী’কে আশ্ৰয় কৰি অসমীয়া সাহিত্যলৈ প্ৰৱেশ ঘট
ৰোমাণ্টিক ভাৱধাৰাৰ এটি পৰিচয়মূলক টোকা লিখা।

৫। (ক) আৱাহন যুগৰ সাহিত্যৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ খৰচি-মাৰি
আলোচনা কৰা।

১০

অথবা

(খ) আৱাহন যুগৰ অসমীয়া নাট্য-সাহিত্যৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ দাঙি
ধৰা।

৬। (ক) যুদ্ধোত্তৰ যুগৰ অসমীয়া উপন্যাসৰ প্ৰকৃতি আৰু বিকাশ
সম্পৰ্কে এটি আলোচনা যুগুত কৰা।

১০

অথবা

(খ) যুদ্ধোত্তৰ যুগৰ অসমীয়া কবিতাৰ গতি-প্ৰকৃতি সম্পৰ্কে
এটি টোকা লিখা।

৭। চমু টোকা লিখা (যি কোনো এটা) :

১০

(ক) ডক্টৰ নাথান ব্ৰাউন

(খ) অসমীয়া ভ্ৰমণ-সাহিত্য

(গ) চৈয়দ আব্দুল মালিক

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2 SEM TDC ASM M 1

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2 SEM TDC SOC M 1

2 0 1 9

(May)

SOCIOLOGY

(Major)

Course : 201

(**Indian Social System**)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Choose the correct answer of the following questions from the given alternatives : $1 \times 8 = 8$

(a) Sir Herbert Risley divided the races into _____ categories.

(i) 6

(ii) 7

(iii) 8

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(2)

- (b) Who first introduced the term 'Scheduled Tribe' in 1928?
- (i) B. R. Ambedkar
 - (ii) Simon Commission
 - (iii) Mahatma Gandhi
- (c) Who designated 'tribals' as 'Girijan'?
- (i) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (ii) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (iii) G. S. Ghurye
- (d) Which one of the following is not a Primary Kin?
- (i) Mother
 - (ii) Father
 - (iii) Uncle
- (e) Polyandry is the term of marriage which implies
- (i) one woman marrying several men
 - (ii) one man marrying several women
 - (iii) one woman marrying one man and his brothers
- (f) The word 'family' has been taken over from the word 'Famulus' which is a
- (i) Greek word
 - (ii) Roman word
 - (iii) Latin word

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(Continued)

(3)

- (g) The pioneer of Naturalism theory of religion was
- (i) E. B. Tylor
 - (ii) Robert Marett
 - (iii) Max Müller
- (h) 'Nakpate' is the dormitory of
- (i) Garo
 - (ii) Mikir
 - (iii) Mizo

2. Write on any four from the following (within 150 words each) : 4×4=16

- (a) Demographic structure of Indian society
- (b) Interpretation of marriage from sociological perspective
- (c) Family disorganisation in India
- (d) Negative impact of caste politics in Indian democracy
- (e) Dormitory system in tribal social life
- (f) Women empowerment in Assam

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3. Answer any four from the following questions
(within 500 words each) : $14 \times 4 = 56$

- (a) What do you mean by cultural diversity? Explain the cultural diversity in India with examples. $4+10=14$
- (b) Discuss how the institution of marriage among the Hindus is undergoing changes with examples. 14
- (c) Define caste. Discuss about the changes in the caste system in India. 14
- (d) Define kinship system from sociological point of view. Discuss about its functions and importance in India. 14
- (e) Write an essay on different indicators of political and economic rights of women. 14
- (f) Analyse the Indological perspective as introduced by G. S. Ghurye. 14
- (g) Critically write about the role of different social movements in empowering Indian women. 14
- (h) Discuss about structural-functional perspective as analysed by M. N. Srinivas from sociological point of view. 14
